

## Minister Studied Creek Language

The Cherokees had the first written language of any Indian tribe and undoubtedly it was the most widely used. However, efforts were made to establish written languages or to adapt the English language for use by other tribes, with some success.

One such instance was that of the Rev. Henry F. Buckner, a Baptist clergyman, who came to Indian Territory from Kentucky in 1848 as one of the earli-

est missionaries among the Creek Indians.

Rev. Buckner first was stationed at the Creek Agency near Muskogee. He went to Texas with members of the Creek tribe during the Civil War but was invited to return to Indian Territory afterward and he did so. Later he established a college at Witcherville, Ark., which bore his name.

History records that Buckner was a man of high scholastic attainments and that he made an exhaustive study of the Creek language. In addition to compiling and publishing a grammar in the Creek language, he also is creditied with translating a large portion of the Bible into Creek. He translated into English many of the tribal songs of the Creek.

Rev. Buckner's brother was the founder of the Buckner Orphan Home in Dallas. One of his sons, William V. Buckner, served in the fifth district Oklahoma legislature as a senator from the McAlester

district.