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SEP. 2 3 1976

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Ferdie J. Deering

WE always elect men of good judgment and sound fiscal sense to serve as our representatives in Congress, don't we?

These wise congressmen failed to approve a request for \$5 million to help local weather modification districts obtain more rain from clouds, as provided in a bill introduced last March by Rep. Glenn English, D-OK.

These same congressmen appropriated funds to help the Federal trep Crop Insurance Corp. pay out "somewhere between"

daily oklahoman column by deering - cloud seeding - page 2 <<

\$283 million and \$557 million this year for crop losses, much of it due to insufficient rainflrainfall.

Additional millions have been paid to farmers as disaster aid, largely in areas where FCIC won't seesell crop insurance because risk of drouth is great. Farmers have lost additional millions to drouth for which no payments were made.

It would be too much to expect that \$5 million would for cloud seeds have avoided all of these losses, but the economics are impressive when it has been demonstrated that timely and skifskillful cloud seeding can increase rainfall and alleviate drouth.

Although the federal government has at least a dozen agencies engaged in pearesearch on weather, none has been of much help in utilizing scloud seeding. They want more money to keep on researching, but generally bureau officials oppose utilization.

Last week, Congress was working on another bill to create another agency to spend another \$1 million on weather modification research and \$200,000 on activity. Western Oklahoma needs more money than that to seed clouds to normalize rainfall.

Rep. English's bill proposed that federal funds be routed through local conservation districts on a 60-40 basis to

daily oklahoman column by deering - fcloud seeding - page 3 <<

help finance local operations. Farmers want local control.

Soil Conservation Service officials in Washington influenced the House committee to put the plan on teh shelf.

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Obviously, they were taking cues from bureaus that are concerned about more study money than they are about rainfall.

The cheapest water we can get is from the skies.

Where several counties are included, it costs only a few cents

per acre per year to set up and operate ground-based silver

iodide cloud-seeding generaogenerators.

Oklahoma laws allow local districts to vote assessments to finance weather modification, but in August two northwestern Oklahoma counties voted down proposals on the ballot.

This seems to indicate that people do not yet fully comprehend the urgent need for more rainfall and more water, or else they do not understand the potential value of modern technology for producing additional rainfall from passing clouds.

It is obvious that if we are to get ayany substantial amount of cloud seeding done, a system of financing must be devised that will be acceptable and feasible, wih local control.

As long as voters turn down small assessments and

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daily oklahoman column by deering - cloud seeding - page 4 <<

Congress prefers to perpetuate repetitive studies and disaster aid, there does not seem to be any likelihood that a general plan to obtain low-cost water from skthe skies has a chance.

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