

FACT SHEET

U.S. Air Force Fact Sheet MCDONNELL DOUGLAS F-4G WILD WEASEL

This F-4G, from the 35th Tactical Fighter Wing, George Air Force Base, Calif., launched more than 40 missiles during Operation Desert Storm from Jan. 17 to Feb. 28, 1991. F-4G Wild Weasels were modified F-4E fighters with their cannon replaced by AN/APR-47 electronic warfare equipment. Their mission was to attack enemy air defenses, including surface-to-air missile (SAM) air defense radars. One hundred sixteen F-4Es were rebuilt as F-4Gs for this special purpose.

Carrying AGM-88A/B/C High Speed Anti-Radiation Missiles (HARM), the F-4G worked in concert with other F-4Gs or as a hunter aircraft directing fighter-bombers, such as the F-16, against SAM sites. The F-4G carried a pilot and an Electronic Warfare Officer (EWO), who navigated, assisted with communications and coordinated attacks on the SAM sites. The F-4G Wild Weasel



DAYTON, Ohio -- McDonnell Douglas F-4G Wild Weasel in the Cold War Gallery at the National Museum of the United States Air Force. (U.S. Air Force photo)

first flew in 1975 and was retired in 1996. The museum's F-4G was placed on display in September 1996.

TECHNICAL NOTES:

Armament: Various combinations of AGM-45 Shrike, AGM-88 HARM and <u>AGM-65 Maverick</u> missiles; also AIM-7F Sparrows and/or <u>AIM-9L Sidewinder</u> air-to-air missiles for self-protection

Engines: Two General Electric J79-GE-17A of 17,900 lbs. thrust each with afterburner

Maximum speed: 1,430 mph Cruising speed: 571 mph Range: 1,978 statute miles

Ceiling: 59,000 ft. **Span:** 38 ft. 7.5 in. **Length:** 63 ft. 0 in. **Height:** 16 ft. 5.5 in.

Weight: 61,795 lbs. maximum

Click here to learn more about the McDonnell Douglas F-4G.

Click here to return to the Cold War Gallery.

